



## Threshold values for pollen load classes of allergenic pollen types

For assessing the effect of the measured pollen concentration, it is important to know the thresholds for pollen load classes. We distinguish between low, moderate, high and very high pollen loads. With low concentrations only the most sensible allergic persons suffer from allergy symptoms. With increasing pollen concentrations the amount of affected persons and the intensity of symptoms increase. The pollen of different plant species differ in their allergenic potential, therefore the thresholds for the pollen load classes differ according to the pollen species.

**The categorization into pollen load classes applies to the average daily pollen concentration.**

Pollen species	low	moderate	high	very high
Hazel (Corylus)	1 - 10	11 - 69	70 - 249	$\geq 250$
Alder (Alnus)	1 - 10	11 - 69	70 - 249	$\geq 250$
Ash (Fraxinus)	1 - 10	11 - 99	100 - 349	$\geq 350$
Birch (Betula)	1 - 10	11 - 69	70 - 299	$\geq 300$
Hornbeam (Carpinus)	1 - 10	11 - 69	70 - 249	$\geq 250$
Plane (Platanus)	1 - 49	50 - 99	100 - 399	$\geq 400$
Oak (Quercus)	1 - 49	50 - 129	130 - 399	$\geq 400$
Beech (Fagus)	1 - 49	50 - 129	130 - 399	$\geq 400$
Chestnut (Castanea)	1 - 99	100 - 199	200 - 699	$\geq 700$
Grass (Poaceae)	1 - 19	20 - 49	50 - 149	$\geq 150$
Sorrel (Rumex)	1 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 59	$\geq 60$
Plantain (Plantago)	1 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 59	$\geq 60$
Mugwort (Artemisia)	1 - 5	6 - 14	15 - 49	$\geq 50$
Ragweed (Ambrosia)	1 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 39	$\geq 40$

Mean daily pollen concentration [pollen/m<sup>3</sup>]